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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/890,553	08/02/2001	Hubert Seiberle	08130.0070	4630
22852 7	7590 04/19/2004		EXAMINER	
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER			NGO, HUYEN LE	
LLP 1300 I STREE	T NW		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	ON, DC 20005	•	2871	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			- WV
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/890,553	SEIBERLE ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Julie-Huyen L. Ngo	2871	
The MAILING DATE of this communi Period for Reply	ication appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address	Ş <b></b>
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3). If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum states a Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply Any reply received by the Office later than three months a earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repunication. d) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (stutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH will, by statute, cause the application to become ABAI	ly be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this commun  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	d on		
	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition	for allowance except for formal matter be under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	•	its is
Disposition of Claims			
4)  Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restrice  Application Papers  9)  The specification is objected to by the applicant may not request that any objected to describe the applicant may not request that any objected to be applicant may not request the applicant	re withdrawn from consideration.  tion and/or election requirement.	•	
	the correction is required if the drawing(s)	) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
3. Copies of the certified copies	documents have been received. documents have been received in App of the priority documents have been re nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No eceived in this National Stag	e
Attachment(s)	🗖 .		
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PB)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>		Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

Art Unit: 2871

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on February 26, 2004 has been entered.

## Specification

1. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it should be in a separate sheet as required by 37 CFR 1.72(b), and also it fails to sufficiently describe what is new in the art to which the invention pertains. Correction is required See MPEP § 608.01 (b).

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

Application/Control Number: 09/890,553 Page 3

Art Unit: 2871

2. The specification is objected to as failing to have the proper arrangement and content of the specification.

The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout for the specification of a utility application. These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

## Arrangement of the Specification

As provided in 37 CFR 1.77(b), the specification of a utility application should include the following sections in order. Each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as a section heading. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) TITLE OF THE INVENTION.
- (b) CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS.
- (c) STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT.
- (d) INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC (See 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5) and MPEP 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(c)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(c)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text are permitted to be submitted on compact discs.) or REFERENCE TO A "MICROFICHE APPENDIX" (See MPEP § 608.05(a). "Microfiche Appendices" were accepted by the Office until March 1, 2001.)
- (e) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
  - (1) Field of the Invention.
  - (2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (f) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.
- (g) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S).
- (h) DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION.
- (i) CLAIM OR CLAIMS (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) SEQUENCE LISTING (See MPEP § 2424 and 37 CFR 1.821-1.825. A "Sequence Listing" is required on paper if the application discloses a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as defined in 37 CFR 1.821(a) and if the required "Sequence Listing" is not submitted as an electronic document on compact disc).

Content of Specification

Application/Control Number: 09/890,553

Art Unit: 2871

(a) <u>Title of the Invention</u>: See 37 CFR 1.72(a) and MPEP § 606. The title of the invention should be placed at the top of the first page of the specification unless the title is provided in an application data shet. The title of the invention should be brief but technically accurate and descriptive, preferably from two to seven words may not contain more than 500 characters.

Page 4

- (b) <u>Cross-References to Related Applications</u>: See 37 CFR 1.78 and MPEP § 201.11.
- (c) <u>Statement Regarding Federally Sponsored Research and Development:</u> See MPEP § 310.
- (d) Incorporation-By-Reference Of Material Submitted On a Compact Disc:
  The specification is required to include an incorporation-by-reference of electronic documents that are to become part of the permanent United States Patent and Trademark Office records in the file of a patent application. See 37 CFR 1.52(e) and MPEP § 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(c)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(c)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text were permitted as electronic documents on compact discs beginning on September 8, 2000.

Or alternatively, <u>Reference to a "Microfiche Appendix</u>": See MPEP § 608.05(a). "Microfiche Appendices" were accepted by the Office until March 1, 2001.

- (e) <u>Background of the Invention</u>: See MPEP § 608.01(c). The specification should set forth the Background of the Invention in two parts:
  - (1) Field of the Invention: A statement of the field of art to which the invention pertains. This statement may include a paraphrasing of the applicable U.S. patent classification definitions of the subject matter of the claimed invention. This item may also be titled "Technical Field."
  - (2) Description of the Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 37 CFR 1.98: A description of the related art known to the applicant and including, if applicable, references to specific related art and problems involved in the prior art which are solved by the applicant's invention. This item may also be titled "Background Art."
- (f) <u>Brief Summary of the Invention</u>: See MPEP § 608.01(d). A brief summary or general statement of the invention as set forth in 37 CFR 1.73. The

Application/Control Number: 09/890,553 Page 5

Art Unit: 2871

summary is separate and distinct from the abstract and is directed toward the invention rather than the disclosure as a whole. The summary may point out the advantages of the invention or how it solves problems previously existent in the prior art (and preferably indicated in the Background of the Invention). In chemical cases it should point out in general terms the utility of the invention. If possible, the nature and gist of the invention or the inventive concept should be set forth. Objects of the invention should be treated briefly and only to the extent that they contribute to an understanding of the invention.

- (g) <u>Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawing(s)</u>: See MPEP § 608.01(f). A reference to and brief description of the drawing(s) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.74.
- (h) Detailed Description of the Invention: See MPEP § 608.01(g). A description of the preferred embodiment(s) of the invention as required in 37 CFR 1.71. The description should be as short and specific as is necessary to describe the invention adequately and accurately. Where elements or groups of elements, compounds, and processes, which are conventional and generally widely known in the field of the invention described and their exact nature or type is not necessary for an understanding and use of the invention by a person skilled in the art, they should not be described in detail. However, where particularly complicated subject matter is involved or where the elements, compounds, or processes may not be commonly or widely known in the field, the specification should refer to another patent or readily available publication, which adequately describes the subject matter.
- (i) Claim or Claims: See 37 CFR 1.75 and MPEP § 608.01(m). The claim or claims must commence on separate sheet or electronic page (37 CFR 1.52(b)(3)). Where a claim sets forth a plurality of elements or steps, each element or step of the claim should be separated by a line indentation. There may be plural indentations to further segregate subcombinations or related steps. See 37 CFR 1.75 and MPEP § 608.01(i)-(p).
- (j) Abstract of the Disclosure: See MPEP § 608.01(f). A brief narrative of the disclosure as a whole in a single paragraph of 150 words or less commencing on a separate sheet following the claims. In an international application, which has entered the national stage (37 CFR 1.491(b)), the applicant need not submit an abstract commencing on a separate sheet if an abstract was published with the international application under PCT Article 21. The abstract that appears on the cover page of the pamphlet published by the International Bureau (IB) of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) is the abstract that will be used by the USPTO. See MPEP § 1893.03(e).

Application/Control Number: 09/890,553 Page 6

Art Unit: 2871

(k) <u>Sequence Listing.</u> See 37 CFR 1.821-1.825 and MPEP §§ 2421-2431. The requirement for a sequence listing applies to all sequences disclosed in a given application, whether the sequences are claimed or not. See MPEP § 2421.02.

3. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required:

In claims 1 and 13, the recitation calling for "the oblique angle of the radiation being uniform within each local zone but different between two or more zones" lacks antecedence. Especially the limitation regarding "the oblique angle of the radiation being.... different between two or more zones" in inconsistent with what being disclose in figure 1. For example, the oblique angle of the radiation in the two zones 7 on both sides of zone 6 are identical or uniform, than how can it be different between two or more zones? It appears that the <u>adjacent zones</u> have different oblique angle of the radiation.

#### Claim Objections

Claims 1-10 and 13-21 are objected to because of the following informalities:

In lines 5, 10 and 14 of claim 1; lines 2-3 of claim 7, and line 1 of claim 10, the recitation "the material" shall be \_ \_ the layer of a material \_ \_;

In line 14 of claim 1, "the locally different oblique radiation in one irradiation step" lacks antecedence; also the "irradiation" should be \_\_radiation \_\_ to be consistent with

Application/Control Number: 09/890,553

Art Unit: 2871

the "radiation" recited in line 10. It would be appropriate to recite\_\_\_ different oblique radiations on the multiple zones in one radiation step\_\_.

In claim 2, "the irradiation energy" shall be \_\_\_ the radiation energy\_\_ .

In claims 5 and 6, "the imparted tilt" lacks antecedence.

In claim 7, how can the material be homeotropically orienting? Should it be that the property of the layer that has been imparted is hemeotropically?

In claims 8 and 9, it is unclear which layer Applicant is referring to as "the layer" since there are two layers, i.e., "the alignment layer" and "the layer of a material" recited in claim 1, which claims 8 and 9 are depending from.

In claim 10, "the irradiation" should be \_\_ the radiation \_ \_.

Claim 13 contains similar problems as set forth above in claim 1.

In claim 15, the recitation is incomplete and unclear of <u>what is vertically aligned</u> nematic.

In claim 16, the recitation is incomplete and unclear of <u>what is hybrid aligned</u> <u>nematic</u>.

All claims that are depended from the above-mentioned claims and are not specifically discussed above are objected as bearing the defects of the claims from which they depend.

# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-21 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Art Unit: 2871

# **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-21 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 2-4, 8, 10, 18, and 19-25 of U.S. Patent No.6646703B1 issued to the same inventors. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because:

Claims 2-4, 8, 10, 18, and 19-25 of U.S. Patent No.6646703B1 comprise the same scope of invention as recited in claims 1-14 of the present application except for "the oblique angle of the radiation being uniform within each local zone but different between two or more zones" recited in claims 1 and 13; and the limitations recited in claims 5, 6 and 15-21.

However, the limitations regarding "the oblique angle of the radiation being uniform within each local zone but different between two or more zones" are obviously inherent since the same features and structures are recited in the set forth above claims of the U.S. Patent.

With respect to the limitations recited in claims 5, 6 and 15-21, these limitations have not been claimed but are fully disclosed in the US Patent. Note that the language of the claims include the word "*comprising*" that means the device or the method can be construed of more than what being claimed since the claims only recite what considered to be critical and essential to the invention.

Further more, any features that are not recited in a claim, but disclosed in the disclosure; it is indicated that the features are not critical and essential to the invention.

Nevertheless, the features recited in claims 15-21 are well known and conventional for one of ordinary skill in the art to made and use such features.

Therefore, claims 1-21 would have been obvious over claims 2-4, 8, 10, 18, and 19-25 of U.S. Patent No.6646703B1.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Lee, Jae-won (US 5587822 A) discloses a liquid crystal orientation control layer method and apparatus for manufacturing the same and mask for use in the manufacturing.

Hira et al (US 6633351 B2) disclose a self-alignment exposure using microlenses is made possible, and an optical functionality sheet with good directivity with respect to incident light, and good angle of visibility characteristics, can be realized.

Art Unit: 2871

### **Contact Information**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Julie-Huyen L. Ngo whose telephone number is (571) 272-2295. The Examiner can normally be reached on T-Friday.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's Supervisor, Mr. Robert H. Kim can be reached at (571) 272-2293.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1562.

April 12, 2004

Patent Examiner
Art Unit 2871